

# Easy B Facts

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## Acute HBV

Hepatitis B is caused by a virus called the hepatitis B virus (HBV for short). When you first get HBV it is called acute, which is a short-term infection that usually last for 6 months or less. There can be many symptoms of acute hepatitis B such as

yellowing of the skin and eyes, feeling very tired, stomach aches, coca-cola colored pee and clay colored stools (poop). But it is important to know that many people especially children may not have any symptoms.

***Can't remember getting sick from hepatitis B? You're not alone: 70% of people who had acute hepatitis B never felt sick or experienced any symptoms.***

Most people will get over hepatitis B and not have any problems for the rest of their lives. However, if 100 mothers have chronic HBV infection – 90 out of 100 babies will develop chronic hepatitis B – that is unless the baby is given some shots, such as the HBV vaccine within 12 hours after being born. This will stop most infants from getting chronic hepatitis B.

In adults only about 5 or 6 adults out of 100 who get acute hepatitis B will develop chronic HBV.

To learn about chronic hepatitis B and ways that HBV is transmitted see our Easy B fact sheets: *Chronic HBV* and *HBV Transmission & Prevention*.



**HBV ADVOCATE**

[www.hbvadvocate.org](http://www.hbvadvocate.org)

**Hepatitis C  
Support Project**

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